

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1900-SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

GILLMORE RESCUED

With Companions and Sailors of the Urdaneta He Arrives at Vigan.

GEN. OTIS REPORTS OPERATIONS

Clearing the Northern Part of Luzon.

DISTINGUISHED FEAT

MANHLA, January 5, 5 p.m.-Col. Luther R. Hare of the 33d Infantry and Lieut. Col. Robert L. Howze of the 34th Infantry, with all the American prisoners, including Lieut. Gillmore, have arrived at Vigan,

The American Prisoners Rescued. In the absence of a detailed statement from the admiral in charge at Manila as to the personality of the prisoners, the officials of the Navy Department, by reference to their records and comparison of various cablegrams received in the last few months bearing on the subject, have prepared the following statement, which, though believed to be correct, is subject to amendment by Admiral Watson; American naval prisoners in the hands of

the Filipinos and rescued by Col. Hare: Captured from the Mariveles, William Juraschka, boatswain's mate, first class, born in Germany; does not claim any next

Captured from the Urdanetta and believed to have been just released—Benjamin J. Greene, coxswain, born in San Francisco; next of kin, B. J. Greene, father, Los Angeles, Cal. Edward Burke, ordinary seaman, born in Boston; residence, New York; next of kin, Hanah Moore, aunt, Dorchester, Mass. George Daniel Powers, appren-



of kin. Mrs. M. Betancue, mother, Oakland, class, born Newark, N. J.; next of kin, Mrs. P. Farley, mother, Newark,

P. Farley, mother, Newark.
Captured from the Yorktown's boat and believed to have been released—Lieut. J. C. Gillimore. William Walton, chief quartermaster, born Manheim. Germany; no next of kin. John El sworth. coxswain. born Pertsmouth, N. H.; no next of kin. Lyman Paul Edwards, landsman, born in Peru, Ind.; rext of kin, L. B. Edwards, father, Mexico, Ind. Paul Vandoit, sailmaker's mate, born in France; next of kin, P. Vandoit, father, San Luis Obispo. Cal. Silvio Brisolese landsman, born in San Francisco; next of kin, Lico.o Brisolese, father, San Francisco, Albert Peterson, apprentice, first class, born Oakland, Cal.; next of kin, Louis Peterson, Oakland, Cal. Fred Anderson, landsman, born in Buffalo, N. Y.; next of kin, Chrittiana Anderson, mother, Buffalo, New York.

By this statement it appears that the fel.

York.

York this statement it appears that the fol-New York.

By this statement it appears that the following Yorktown men, who were wounded, were also released: William H. Rynders, coxswain, born in Holland; next of kin, Mrs. M. H. Nyhous, coustn, San Francisco, Cal. Orrison W. Woodbury, seaman, born Lynn, Mass.; next of kin, John G. Woodbury, father, Lynn, Mass. Denzell G. A. Venville, apprentice, second class, born Dudley, England; next of kin, E. Mash, Sellwood, Ore.

Sailors Who Were Killed.

The statement thus makes it appear that the following American sailors included in the unfortunate Urdanetta and Yorktown parties were killed: Of the Urdanetta-Cadet W. C. Wood; William Mitchell, sea man, born Bucksville, S. C.; residence, New York city; next of kin, George Mitchell, father, Bucksville, S. C. Samuel Jones Tilden Herbert, ordinary seaman, born Charles county, Md.; residence, Baltimore, Md.; next of kin, Richard O. Herbert, brother, Baltimore, Md. Arthur William Drummond, machinist, first class, born Canada; next of kin, Mrs. R. Davls, Bathell, Canada. Trom...s Gray, fireman, second class, born Buffalo, N. Y.; next of kin not given. Samuel Stone, seaman, born Vilna, Russia, residence, Fall River, Mass.; next of kin, A. J. Shon, Fall River, Mass.

Of the Yorktown-John Dillon, landsman, born Golway, Ireland; next of kin, George Cavener, Honolulu, Hawaii, Charles Albert Morrissey, landsman, born Columbus, Neb.; next of kin, Mrs. J. C. Morrissey, Lincoln, Neb. Ora B. McDonald, ordinary seaman, born Carmel Valley, Cal.; next of kin, P. McDonald, father, Monterey, Cal. Edward J. Nygard, gunner's mate, third class, born Warsaw, Russia; next of kin, Sophia Nygard, wife, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Complete Success of Operations. man, born Bucksville, S. C.; residence, New

Complete Success of Operations. After a silence of several days, Gen. Otis is able to notify the War Department of the complete success of the military operanorthwest Luzon, the main object of which was the rescue of the Amer-ican priscners whom the insurgents took with them in their flight in the mountain fastnesses in northern Luzon. Although Gen. Otis does not specify Lieut. Gillmore. U. S. N., by name, the wording of his mesage is taken to mean that that office captive by the band of insurgents of whom the forces of Col. Hare, 33d Infantry, and Col. Howze, 34th Infantry, were in close

Col. Howze, 34th Infantry, were in close pursuit at last previous reports. Gen. Otis message is as follows:

"MANILA, January 5,*1900.
"Adjutant General, War Department, "Washington:
"Cols. Hare and Howze just arrived at Vigan, northwest Luzon, with all Ame rigan, northwest Luzon, with all American prisoners. Their successful pursuit a re-markable achievement. Gens. Schwan and Wheaton now with separate columns in Cavite province. Affairs in Luzon north of Manila greatly improved. OTIS."

Recent Casualties.

Later in the day Gen. Otis reported the following casualties: Killed in action at Panique December 31, 12th Infantry, L, John Q. A. Carter. Engagement near Santa Rosa October 28, 37th Infantry, H, George Lambkin; 22d Infantry, K. Harry H. Stone. Wounded in action at Montalbon Decembe 27, 46th Infantry, I. Willes 27. 46th Infantry, I, William Patton, chest, mortal; Ilth Cavalry, D, Sergt. Joseph L. Hordemon, foot, slight; L, Harry Ross, thigh, slight; M, Sergt. Fred Stanley, leg, slight. Action near San Mateo December 19, 20th Infantry, H, Peter Thompson, corporal, thigh, slight.

When the Grant Reaches Manila Otis Wil Have an Effective Force of 65,000.

The Regular and Volunteer Armies in the Philippines Now Amount

Quartermaster Genera! Ludington re ceived a cable message this morning anouncing that the troop ship Logan, which left New York November 20 with the 41st Volunteer Infatry, Col. Richmond commanding, arrived at Manila yesterday. She made the trip in forty-five days, which breaks the record of forty-nine days, held by the transport Meade. The cruisers Brooklyn and New Orleans, which hold the record for warships over the same route, occupied fifty-nine days in making the trip.

Col. Charles Bird of the quartermaster general's office was a passenger on the Lo gan. He is making an official inspection of the transport service between the United States and the Philippines, including the coaling facilities en route. Having gone to Manila over the Suez route, he will return to the United States by the Pacific route to San Francisco and in that way will be able to determine the advantages and dis-advantages of each method of military

Gen. Otis' Force. With the arrival at Manila of the trans port Grant, which left San Francisco on the 21st altimo with the 48th Volunteer Infantry (colored), General Otis will have com mand of an effective force of about 65,000 The army now in the Philippines aggregates over 63,000. With the arrival of the Grant the entire volunteer strength of 34,000 men will be in the Philippines. This includes the 48th Volunteer Infantry, as already stated, and the 41st Volunteer Infantry, which left New York on the transport Logan, November 20. The authorized strength of the volunteer army is 33,000 men divided into twenty-five regiments but most of these regiments are short of their complement of 1.300 men, and the actual strength of the volunteer army is about 34,000. The organization of these regiments began about the end of July, and their movement to the Philippines closed with the departure of the Grant from San Francisco on the 21st ultimo. That regiment was delayed several weeks at San Francisco by the appearance of smallpox in its ranks. The only volunteer cavalry regiment in the service—the 11th Cavalry-is in the Philippines.

The regular organizations in the Philippines are Companies A and B. United States Engineer Battalion; headquarters, A. C. D. E. F. K. L. and M. 3d Cavalry; the 4th Cavalry; E. 1st Artillery; F. 5th Artillery; Headquarters, A. C. D. E. F. K. L. and M. 3d Cavalry; the 4th Cavalry; E. 1st Artillery; F. 5th Artillery; Headquarters, A. C. D. E. F. K. L. and M. 3d Cavalry; the 1th Cavalry; 2th Infantry, 12th Infantr the Grant the entire volunteer strength of 34,000 men will be in the Philippines. This

subscribed \$500.

Gen. Corbin says he is confident the fund will reach \$60,000. He says that although active operations to increase the fand will close today, voluntary contributions will continue to be received up to the time of the arrival of Mrs. Lawton in San Francisco with the remains on the transport Thomas, about the 1st of February, All questions concerning the disposition of the fund, such as to whether it shall be placed in trust for investment, &c., will be held in abeyance until the personal wishes of Mrs. Lawton in the matter have been ascertained. Gen. Corbin today issued the following

Alton.
Capt. George S. Cartwright, U.S.A.
Chizens of Newark, N.J. (through
Capt. W. P. Van Ness)......
Mrs. Frederick T. Leigh, Brook-R. F. Linton, Woonsocket, R. I... Harry Payne Whitney, New York Cooper B. Hatch, Camden, N. J... G. P. S., Chicago, Ill.

G. P. S., Chicago, Ill.

James E. Boardman, Washington,
D. C.

..... \$45.721.35

VICTORIA'S SHAFT BROKEN. Left Guam for Manila December 25 in

Tow of the Brutus.

Colonel Long, quartermaster at San Franisco, has notified the War Department hat the animal transports Victoria and Flintshire, on their way to the Philippines with horses and mules, arrived safely at Honolulu without the loss of a single and

It is said at the War Department tha there are two vessels in the service named Victoria, and the one reported from San Francisco to be very much overdue at Manila is a store ship and not intended for animals. Taking note of the reports the War De artment has cabled to General Otis for news of the ship, for it is not an unusual thing for these cargo boats to arrive unreported by cable.

rive unreported by cable.

In answer to his cable inquiry as to the whereabouts of the freight steamer Victoria, which had not been heard from since her departure from San Francisco, October 16, Quartermaster General Ludington this morning received a cable message from Col. Miller, quartermaster at Manila, as follows: "Victoria, with broken shaft, left Guam for Manila December 25, towed by collier Brutus."

Acting Assistant Surgeon William S. Kidd, U. S. A., now in New York city, has been ordered to report in San Francisco for

duty. Capt. J. T. Thompson, ordnance department, U. S. A., has been ordered to make ot to exceed four visits during the months of January, February and March, 1900, rom Springfield, Mass., to Hartford, Conn. on business pertaining to the inspection of latling guns and Colt's revolvers now be

latling guns and there, and manufactured there.

Maj. Edward R. Morris, surgeon, U. S. Maj. Edward R. Morris, been honorable. Maj. Edward R. Morris, surgeon, U. S. V., having resigned, has been honorably discharged from the volunteer service.

Lieut. Col. J. J. Clague, subsistence department; Maj. John A. Kress, ordnance department, and Capt. Thomas F. Davis, 15th Infantry, have been appointed a board to meet at St. Louis to fix the responsibility for any ioss or damage to quartermaster supplies received at that depot.

THE LOGAN BREAKS RECORD FIGHTING IN CHINA AT THE WHITE HOUSE WHITE MAN LYNCHED

Sanguinary Conflict.

Thirty of the Frenchmen Said to Scientists Engaged in Experiments Seven Masked Men Carried Out Have Been Killed.

VICTORIA, B. C., January 5.-According o news received from the orient by the Queen Adelaide, the troops of France have been ignominiously routed with a loss of thirty killed in a battle with natives in the province of Qwang Tung, in outhern China, where for some time past there has been trouble over the dispute of the French-Chinese boundary. In a fight about a month before this last encounter Secretary Root read telegrams fro 100 Chinese were reported to have been killed. Because of this attack, together with the killing of two French officers by Thinese while engaged in surveying, the French shelled the village, took a Chinese warship and held the taotan of the district prisoner for some time. Soon after this affair Marshal Su arrived

at Kwang Chou bay, bearing orders to up-hold the Chinese rights.

Chinese Version of the Battle. The story of this last battle is translated from the Chun Ngoi San Po by the Hong Kong Daily Press. The native paper says it has received news from its Canton correspondent that a battle took place on the Chinese side on November 10 and 11. The Chinese side on November 10 and 11. The French were moving forward, seemingly on a reconnaissance, when the natives were encountered. On sighting the French the natives at once moved forward and gave battle. The French were obliged to retire and, seeing their advantage, the natives continued to press forward, with the result that the French fled, routed by the Chinese, who pursued them for a great distance. The French loss was given as thirty killed. The majority were killed in the action, although some, who were left wounded on The majority were killed in the action, although some, who were left wounded on the field, were dispatched by the victorious Chinese. The native loss was not given. On hearing of the affair of the 14th the viceroy of the province dispatched three Chinese gunboats with 1,000 of the imperial troops, under the command of a military officer named Ny Fun-tin, to restore order.

There have been great anti-foreign dem-onstrations in Shantung. A number of missions have been looted and destroyed, many of them being in connection with the American mission board. Some of the priests and missionaries have been killed.

Among the Christians who first suffered at the hands of the rebels were thirteen amilies connected with the American mis

ize his forces so far as possible in garrisoning the principal cities of the archipelago, in the preservation of peace and good order and in the maintenance of free and full commercial intercourse with the islands, pending the establishment of a permanent form of government in the Philippines.

MAY REACH \$60,000.

Active Operations to Increase the Lawton Fund Will Close Today. The total subscriptions to the Lawton fund received by Gen. Corbin up to noon today amount to \$45,721.55. This morning's contributions aggregate about \$1,000, or which Harry Payne Whitney of New York subscribed \$500.

STEAMER IBEX GOES DOWN.

Struck Reef on Island of Guernsey-Passengers All Saved.

LONDON, January 5.-The Great Western mail steamer Ibex struck on Black Rock off St. Sampson's, Island of Guernsey, at (o'clock this morning, and sank. The crash awoke the passengers, numbering thirtytwo persons, who, rushing on deck, found the vessel slowly sinking. The boats were launched within ten minutes after the steamer struck, and there was no panic All the passengers were saved, but one sailor was drowned. All on board the Ibex behaved with the greatest courage and the captain was last to leave the ship The Ibex is a steel vessel of 1.150 tons, and was built in 1891. She left Weymouth

for Guernsey last night. DOCTORS PRESCRIBED STIMULANTS.

Evidence in Trial of Chaplain Shields SAN FRANCISCO, January 5.-Evidence

in the court-martial of Chaplain Shields, U. S. A., who is accused of intemperance, is all in. Depositions from a number of medical men who had attended the chaplain in other states were read. They were chiefly to the effect that Shields was il and stimulants had to be prescribed for him. The session of the court ended with the reading of Chaplain Shields' statement, which was a general denial of the cnarges against him.

MEMORIAL TO THE MIKADO.

Brings Charges Against Two of Japan's Cabinet Members.

YOKOHAMA, December 16, via Victoria, B. C., January 5.—The memorial to the throne brought into the diet this week by the opposition is practically an impeach-ment of Premier Marquis Yamagata and Home Minister Marquis Regio for corrupt practices. Specifications allege undue influences used by the government in the recent election: and the granting of a charter in the great municipal improvement scheme as a direct bribe for securing the passage of a government bill. As the memorial emanates from a hopeless minority, swift defeat will be the fate of the

The bill for the regulation of religious or ganizations excites much comment because of its fairness and impartiality. Christianity is no longer merely tolerated.

but receives recognition. All religious property is exempt from taxation and religious teachers from conscription. The whole Buddhist sects show an unexpectedly liberal spirit and are practically united in giving support to the measure.

The plague at Kobe is announced to be suppressed, and a special commis its treatment has been withdrawn.

ROLAND REED IS BETTER.

Second Operation Has Not Been Per-formed on the Actor. NEW YORK, January 5.-Roland Reed was reported today to be resting comfortably and much improved. Dr. Baker, the superintendent of the hospital, said today that the published statement that a sec ond operation had been performed on Mr. need was an error. Some time in the future, Dr. Baker said, he thought another operation upon Mr. Reed would have to be performed, but that that time was too remote to be talked about now.

French and Native Troops Have a A Long Cabinet Session, but Not He Had Assaulted a Woman at Newport News.

FORMER REPORTED DEFEATED MORE TROOPS TO GO TO ALASKA TAKEN FROM HIS CELL AND SHOT

With Wireless Telegraphy.

ASSAULT ON MISSIONARIES WHAT PUERTO RICANS WANT NO CLUE TO THEIR IDENTITY

Although the cabinet was in session two hours today, little of public interest was Secretary Root said that he had decided to send two or three additional companies of troops to Alaska at the beginning of

the mining season this year. They will be sent for the purpose of preserving or-Secretary Root read telegrams from Gen Otis announcing that all of the American prisoners in the hands of the Philippine insurgents had been captured. The information was received with pleasure by the

Secretary Wilson reported to the cabine hat some of his scientists are engaged in experiments with wireless telegraphy. It understood that the experiments are entirely independent of the Marconi or any

What Puerto Ricans Want.

A. F. Odlin, an American lawyer at San Juan, Puerto Rico, was introduced to the President by Representative Graff of Illinois. Mr. Odlin told the President that the people of Puerto Rico are greatly pleased with the administration's attitude. "They do not care so much about the form of gov-ernment as about having the tariff on goods shipped to this country removed. With un-interrupted trade with the United States the Island will boom with prosperity and happiness will reigh everywhere. Some of the natives had become despondent over stories that a military government would stories that a military government would be continued indefinitely, and that the tariff against Puerto Rican goods would not be

mr. Odlin expresses the belief that the proposed legislation for Puerto Rico will prove satisfactory.

Indemnity for Lens's Murder.

President McKinley today promised Sen tor Penrose of Pennsylvania that he would at once instruct the State Department to press Turkey for a settlement of what is known as the Lenz case, which is remem bered by many people, especially by wheel

known as the Lenz case, which is remembered by many people, especially by wheelmen. With Senator Penrose at the White House was T. J. Keenan, jr., president of the League of American Wheelmen. Mr. Keenan is from Pittsburg, which was the home of Frank Lenz. His relatives, including a widowed mother, now live there, and as she was largely dependent on her dead son, it is desired to have Turkey pay to her the \$40,000 indemnity demanded without so much delay.

Frank Lenz was a wheelman and undertook a trip around the world on his bicycle. He left this country in May, 1893, and in the latter part of 1894 was in Pérsia, where he was the grest of the Prince of Persia. He rode from Persia toward Turkey, and on the road to Erzeram stopped at the small town of Chilkain. A minor Turkish official named Muztei Nexei saw a pistol which Lenz had and asked for it as a present. This was refused, and Lenz left next norning. He was murdered after he had gone a few miles.

The last administration of President Cleveland pushed for the punishment of the criminals, and an indemnity of \$40,000. The Turkish courts finally found Nezei and his accomplices guilty, but allowed them to escape. The verdict was sustained by the court of cassation, which fixed the responsibility of Turkey, For three years the claim has not been pushed, and Turkey has evaded payment as she has in so many similar cases.

President McKinley intimated that he

similar cases.

President McKinley intimated that he would not only instruct the State Department to take up the case, but would personally interest himself to see that justice is done.

THE PLAGUE IN LUZON

Manila Threatened by Epidemic in Several Neighboring Towns.

Disease Thought to Have Been Communicated by Eating Flesh of Diseased Animals.

VICTORIA, B. C., January 5.-Manila papers say that an epidemic like plague is threatening Manila. The Manila Times states that "it has been learned from vari ous authentic sources that in many of our closely settled neighboring towns a serious epidemic bordering on plague is raging. The towns principally affected are Guadaloupe Mandalogana, Pineda and Malabon, be sides a number of others."

The disease is said to be due to eating from disease. Whatever the cause, there is little doubt that a species of plague exists in which most cases prove fatal. It is said that the disease carries off its victims within forty-eight hours from its attack and in the country towns medical aid of supplies are not to be had readily, and ther supplies are not to be had readily, and then only in a limited way. Not only this, but burial of the corpses of those who have died from this disease is carelessly conducted and absolutely no precautions are taken. Natives do not understand the care which should be taken, but rely too much on their faith and superstition.

SECRETARY GAGE'S REPLY. It May Not Be Sent to Congress for Several Days.

Secretary Gage may not be able to transmit to the House on Monday the information called for by the resolution adopted yesterday relative to the deposit of government funds in national banks and the transactions connected with the sale of the New York customs house site. He is making every effort to get the information ready by next Monday, but the wide scope of the resolution makes it necessary to cop over 500 documents from the files. The actual physical work of copying them may delay the transmission of the answer several days.

What Secretary Gage may personally say will be ready before Monday.

Delegates to the Medical Congress Delegates to the Redical Congress.

The President has designated the following officials to represent the United States government at the international medical congress, which meets in Paris in connection with the exposition, August 2 next, and to the congress of hygiene and demography, which assembles at the same place August 16; For the arms, Surgeon General Sternberg and Surgeon Lagarde; for the navy, Surgeon General Van Reypen; for the marine hospital service, Surgeon General Wyman and Parised Assistant Surgeon Rosenas.

the Murderous Plan.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEWPORT NEWS, Va., January 5 .- One of the most daring lynchings on record occurred here this morning, when B. B. Watt, a white gambler, charged with criminal

ssault upon Mrs. Thomas M. Simpson was taken from the station house, carried to a place in the woods a short distance from the city limits, tied to an oak sapling and riddled with bullets. Watt was arrested late last night, and

was identified by his victim. The husband of the unfortunate woman was almost beside himself with grief and rage. Threats of summary vengeance were made, but no extra guard at the station house was deemed necessary. At 3:45 o'clock this morning seven men, with masks covering their faces, appeared at the station, overpowered the house sergeant and took the prisoner away, two of the lynchers remain ing on the outside to prevent any inter-ference with the work of their comrades.

ing on the outside to prevent any interference with the work of their comrades. Investigation this morning disclosed the fact that Watt had been dragged to the outskirts of the city and shot to death, the lynchers evidently taking the quickest and surest way of accomplishing their purpose, probably fearing pursuit.

The crime with which Watt was charged was a revolting one. He came here as a tramp, and applied to Mrs. Simpson for food, and on several occasions she fed him. Yesterday afternoon he went to the house again. This time he was dressed in good clothes, and told the woman he had come to thank her for her kindness; that he was going away. He followed Mrs. Simpson into the house and assaulted her. He was on the west-bound train when arrested.

It is said that he was wanted in Roanoke for a similar offense. There is no clue to the identity of the lynchers.

DELAGOA BAY RAILROAD CLAIMS. Award in the Case Expected Last of

This Month. LONDON, January 5.—The latest information possessed by counsel for the Delagoa Bay railroad claimants is that the award will be made at the end of January. One of the chief parties to the claim said to a representative of the Associated Press; "There are rumors current that the award will be a compromise agreeable to no one, but I attach no value to these reports. The

story of the claimants getting \$100,000,000 and British claims does not exceed \$15,000,one. The arbitrators are not likely to award more than is claimed. The various reports are based purely on conjecture. The parties to the suit will be the first to hear the result, and no word on the subject has yet reached them.

THREE WORKMEN KILLED.

Elevator Cable Parts at Illinois Steel Works in Chicago. CHICAGO, January 5 .- An elevator in the furnace room of the brass foundry in the Illinois Steel Company's branch works at 31st street and Ashland avenue fell today, instantly killing two workmen and injuring another so badly that he died a few minutes after being removed to the hospital. The dead are:

Joseph Middle Ignatz Granak

Joseph Sock.

The men were on an elevator used for carrying ore and blocks of iron to the uper rooms. When near the top the elevator cable parted and the car fell to the bottom

ONE KILLED, THREE INJURED. Result of Accident at Homestead Stee

Rolling Mills.

PITTSBURG, Pa., January 5.—One man is dead and three injured as the result of an accident at the Hemestead steel works last night. Two of the injured will die. The casualties are:

August Berger.

Injured: John Fleming, skull crushed; will die. Joseph French, nose broken and heau ter ribly crushed; will probably die,

Joseph Cohall, arm crushed.

The men were changing the rolls in the wenty-eight-inch mill, when the chain with which they raised the rolls into place broke, letting the heavy mass of iron down on them. Berger was caught almost directly under the falling roll and his body was crushed almost to a pulp.

SHOP AT ALTOONA, PA., BURN.

Several Hundred Men Thrown Out of Employment as Result. ALTOONA, Pa., January 5.-The Pennsylvania Railroad Company's Juniata blacksmith shop was destroyed by fire early this morning, causing a loss of \$100,000, covered by insurance. The building was of covered by insurance. The building was of brick, 225 by 75 feet, and thoroughly equipped with hammers and machinery. The fire was apparently caused by a live electric wire. There were sixty men at work when the fire was discovered, and they had only time to save their personal effects before the roof fell. Several hundred men will be thrown out of employment as a result of the fire.

MRS. ELLEN SPAULDING DEAD. Died From Result of a Fall in Phila

delphia. PHILADELPHIA, January 5.—Ellen Spaulding, widow of Judge Spaulding of district court No. 2 of New York, died in the Hanemann Hospital today from the effects of a fall yesterday in the Reading railway station. In recent years Mrs. Spaulding has met with reverses, and has for some time been an inmate of the almshouse here. She had secured Christmas leave of absence from the institution and leave of absence from the institution and was visiting a woman by whom she was occasionally employed as a seamstress. Mrs. Spau'ding had just left the train when she fell and it was thought she was intoxicated. A policeman sent her to the station house and later she was removed to the hospital, where she died from a fractured skull.

Mrs. Spaulding was quite wealthy a few years ago, but mismanagement of her hus-band's estate caused her to lose all. She had considerable jewelry, and when this was pawned or so d she became a public charge. She came to this city soon after he husband's death. She leaves a married soin this city and a daughter in St. Vincent'. Convent, New York.

Steamship Arrivals. At New York-Burgundia, from Mar-At Havre-La Bretagne, from New York. FEDERATION WILL DISBAND

Organization of Railway Employes About to

Notice of Their Intention to Withdraw.

CHICAGO, January 5.-A special to the Pribune from Cleveland says: The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen

has given notice of withdrawal from the Federation of American Railway Employes. the withdrawal of the trainmen, it is said, will disband the federation, as other organizations have grievances which they have been unable to settle with roads because of the failure of the federation to manimously sanction strikes, as is required by the rules of the order. It is declared the firemen and telegra-

phers have grievances in the east which are serious, and that there may be a general disturbance as a result of the withdrawals,

disturbance as a result of the withdrawals, which are effective January 6. The executive officers held a meeting in Chicago January 3, at which this course was made necessary by a disagreement.

The American Federation is composed of the following organizations: The Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

It is stated that another federation will be formed, composed of three of the organizations which have acted in alliance and along progressive lines.

WINDFALL FOR MRS. COOTEE.

Had Money Returned Which She Lost BALTIMORE, January 5.-Mrs. Wm. H. Cootee, 247 West Preston street, was made happy this week by the return to her of \$752 which she lost on November 30, 1838. On the afternoon of that day Mrs. Cootee went to the tax office in the city hall, taking with her the separate package containing \$752, which she intended to deposit in bank. Soon after leaving the tax office she missed the package. She advertised her loss, offering a liberal reward, but aside

her loss, offering a liberal reward, but aside from a postal card evidently written by a man, asking that a description of the bills contained in the package be advertised, she never heard from the missing money. Mrs. Cootee gave up hope of ever recovering the lost money, and was consequently surprised a few days ago when she received a visit at her home from a woman attired in mourning. The woman said that the money had been found by her husband, and she supposed that he had returned it to Mrs. Cootee, as had been her advice. However, upon looking over his papers after his death, she found that the money had not been returned. Imover his papers after his death, she found that the money had not been returned. Immediately she had thought of making restitution and her call was the result. She paid the full amount of the loss in a check. The widow refused to consider receiving any reward for her action by retaining any share of the money. Her only stipulation was that for the sake of her family and the memory of her dead husband her name be not disclosed. This request Mrs. Cootee has heeded.

HOW LEIDENHEIMER WAS SHOT. Trial of Miss James for His Murder in

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., January 5.-The trial of Actress Julia Morrison James for the murder of Frank Leidenheimer, leading man in "Mr. Plaster of Paris" company, was resumed in the circuit court this morning W. J. Patterson, stage manager of the local opera house, was put on the stand again. His testimony was very damaging to the defense. Josephs, the electrician of the opera house, was the next witness. He was standing with Leidenheimer at the time of the murder, and testified that Miss Morrison shot Leidenheimer before he spoke, and that Leidenheimer made no ef-

Death of Rev. Mr. Doty. ROCHESTER, N. Y., January 5 .- Rev. Wm. D'Orville Doty, aged sixty-five, rector of Christ Church, this city, dieu to-day. Dr. Doty had just finished his twen-ty-third year as rector of Christ Church.

Miss Morella's Condition Critical. ARCHER, Fla., January 5 .- Miss Myra Morella, the prima donna, is in a critical condition from lung affection, and her eath is expected at any time.

Drunken Quarrel Ends Fatally. PORTLAND, Ore., January 5.-A specia to the Oregonian from Pineville, Ore., says: As a result of a drunken quarrel at a Piute Indian camp Matthew Wewa killed his wife, Happie, fatally wounded his brother, Charlie, and two squaws named Tyler and Susie and killed himself.

Sir Thomas Still After the Cup. LONDON, January 5.-The report is pubished here this afternoon that Sir Th

Lipton has issued another challenge for the America's cup, but a representative of the Associated Press learns that the situation remains as cabled December 23—Sir Thomas' plans for 1901 are making prog-ress, but he has not yet even decided on a designer.

Gen. Davis at New York. NEW YORK, January 5.—Gen. G. W. Davis, governor of Puerto Rico, arrived here today on board the steamer Ponce. Other passengers were Gen. J. P. Sanger, Col. C. H. Heyl, chief of the census bureau in Puerto Rico; Lieut. J. S. Battle and Auditor John W. Connor.

Summoned to Washington. Adjutant General Corbin received a tele-

gram-today saying that Brigadier General Davis, governor general of Puerto Rico; General Sanger, superintendent of the census of Cuba and Puerto Rico, and Colonel Heyl of the inspector general's depart-ment, have arrived at New York from San Juan de Puerto Rico, and will leave on the Congressional limited this afternoon for Washington. General Davis has been summoned to Washington to confer with the President and the Secretary of War regarding legislation for the govern of Puerto Rico. Colonel Heyl, who has served in Puerto Rico for some time, will also be consulted in regard to the con-dition of affairs on the island. The return of General Sanger indicates the precised of General Sanger indicates the practical completion of the work of taking the census of Cuba and Puerto Rico. The census returns will be used as a basis for political representation in the governments to be established in Cuba and Puerto Rico in accordance with the present policy of the United States government.

Mont is Scarce in London LONDON, January 5.—Owing to the withdrawal of the transatlantic liners for use as transports and the consequent non-arrival of American meat, the butchers here have the utmost difficulty procuring sup-plies and are advancing prices two pence to three pence per pound.

Gold to Go to Europe NEW YORK, January 5.-Baring, Magoun & Co. have ordered \$500,000 gold at the subtreasury for shipment to Europe tomorrow. Total engagements, \$3,500,000. FRENCH ASKS HELP

THE FORTUNE BRINGER.

Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own.-A. T. Stewart.

Reinforcements Sent Out From Cape Town by Request.

RUMORED SORTIE AT MAFEKING

Reported British Victories Turn Out to Have Been Defeats.

FIGHTING NEAR COLESBERG

LONDON, January 5.- The war office this afternoon published a dispatch from Cape Town, dated Wednesday, January 3, saying that at Gen. French's special request the Household Cavalry, a battery of field artiliery and the 1st Battalion of the Essex Regiment have been despatched to reinforce him temporarily.

It is rumored at Cape Town that Col. Baden-Powell has again defeated the Boers at Mafeking. A Mafeking dispatch just received, dated

December 26, confirms the report of the British sortie from that place, which was first announced from Pretoria December 30. The Mafeking dispatch says:

Sortie Was Unsuccessful.

"There was a sortle today with the view of capturing the Boer earthworks, but it was unsuccessful. The works were crowded with Boers awaiting the assault, and a hall of bullets forced the British to retire, killing and wounding a number " The British storming party numbered eighty men, of which number twenty-one were killed and thirty-three were wounded.

Gen. Gatacre's report of the Molteno af-fair confirms the Associated Press dis-patches, showing it was merely a deter-nined attack on a police outpost, which was successfully repelled. There were no

was successfully repelled. There were no British casualties.

The silence which has descended on Gen. Buller's huge force at the Tugela river is believed to be the prelude of another attempt to reach Ladysmith.

In the meanwhile, the extraordinary tenacity the Boers are displaying around Colesberg, where they even assume the offensive, tends to detract from the success which Gen. French is supposed to have achieved.

Col. Pilcher's Doubtful Victory. The latest news of Col. Pilcher's raid shows that some of the first accounts con-

siderably exaggerated its effect on the Boers and their sympathizers. While it is true he successfully drove a couple of hundred rebels from Sunny Side, killing or

dred rebeis from Sunny Side, killing or wounding thirty and capturing forty-three, Col. Pilcher's immediate evacuation of Douglass seems to prove that he had in-formation that there was a sufficient num-ber of Boers in the neighborhood to make his position unsafe. Indeed, there is reason to believe that only the dispatch of the cavairy brigade from the Modder river prevented the force of 600 men sent by Gen. Cronje from at-tacking Col. Pilcher's column, and as soon as the cavairy returned to the Modder river as the cavalry returned to the Modder river Gen Cronje's troops reoccupied Sumy Side, According to advices from Sterkstroom, the Boers have completely retired from the neighborhood of Molteno, but Gen. Gatacre does not appear to have pursued them, as the reinforcements from Sterkstroom have returned there.

FIGHTING AROUND COLESBERG.

Col. Pilcher's Column Finally Returns to Belmont. RENSBURJ, Cape Colony, January 4 .-Colesberg has not yet been occupied. The Boers unexpectedly attacked the British left at daybreak this morning, but were repulsed. They occupied hills to the north of the town, but were eventually driven out of their positions, after an hour's shelling by our guns. They still hold, however, the

was light, while the Boers are reported to have lost 100, including twenty prisoners. who were taken by the mounted infantry

BELMONT, Cape Colony, January 5.— Colonel Plicher's column, with the Douglas refugees, returned to camp this morning. Boer High Sheriff Arrested.

CAPE TOWN, January 5.-The Transvaal's high sheriff, Juta, while attempting to sail for Delagoa bay today, was arrested here. He was subsequently paroled Zulus Becoming Restless.

PIETERMARITZBURG, January 5.-The restlessness of the Zulus is increasing, Many of them are on the verge of starvation, and there have been several instances of looting stores. It is feared the magistrates will not be able to restrain the war-

riors much longer. It is asserted they are anxious to attack the Boers. CHARLES W. GALLOWAY SHOT. B. and O. Superintendent at Cumber-

land Seriously Wounded Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CUMBERLAND, Md., January 5 .- John M. Resley, aged about sixty years, Balti-more and Ohio yard clerk here, shot and seriously wounded Superintendent Charles W. Galloway, in his office in the Queen City building here this morning. One bul-let struck Galloway in the elbow and the other entered the breast. The latter may prove fatal. A third shot was aimed wild. The shooting is the result of a controversy over an inventory of cars in the yard. which Galloway alleged was incomplete. Resley, who has been many years in the employ of the company, was time clerk in the superintendent's office, but the place was abolished. He was then given outdoor was abolished. He was then given outdoor work. He smarted under the drop and claimed Galloway did not treat him right. When the latter took him to task about his work this morning he became very angry and the shooting followed.

Resley claims Galloway attempted to shoot first, which the latter's friends deny. Resley walked to the court house and gave himself up.

imself up. In October, 1873, Resley shot and killed In October, 1873, Resley shot and killed Lloyd Clary, editor and proprietor of the Cumberland Daily Times. He claimed Clary insulted his father, Maj. Horace Resley, in an editorial article. He was acquitted on ground of self-defense after a memorable and costly trial. Resley has been prominent in local democratic politics and was once a candidate for city clerk.

To Relieve Spanish War Veterans. LANSING, Mich., January 5 .- Governor Pingree today sent a special message to the house recommending the passage of a bill for the relief of the sick and indigent

bill for the relief of the sick and indigent soldiers of the Spanish-American war, the \$184,000 which had been appropriated for this purpose having become exhausted. A bil appropriating \$75,000 for the purpose was immediately passed. The bill lacked one vote of the two-thirds necessary to give it immediate effect.

hills immediately surrounding the town, preventing the British from advancing along the railway.

The British loss in today's engagement about midday.

The Boer attacking party numbered 1,000 men. The Inniskilling Dragoons cut their way through the Boers, who were forced to retreat by a heavy artiliery and musketry